THE Boston-Gazette, AND COUNTRY JOURNAL.

No. 590.

Containing the freshest Advices, Foreign and Domestic.

MONDAY, JULY 21, 1766.

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BOSTON, July 17.

YESTERDAY being the Anniversary COMMENCEMENT at Cambridge, the following young Gentlemen were admitted to their respective Degrees, viz.

BACHELORS OF ARTS.

William Pepperrell	Benjamin Goodhue
Nathaniel Saltonstall	Ebenezer Barnard
William Pickman	Samuel Barnard
Rufus Chandler	Benjamin Hammett
Henry Gibbs	Elias Whitney
John Hunt	John Hill
John Watson	Peter Green
Epes Sargent	Jacob Ashton
Joseph Dowse	John Stevens
Jonathan Loring Austin	Ebenezer Manning
David Cobb	Jacob Biglow
Oliver Whipple	William Hall
Ebenezer Potter	Nathaniel Lovejoy
Nicholas Pike	Joshua Fisher
Thomas Barnard	Samuel Hale
Samuel Morrill	Elijah Putnam
Thomas Prentice	Joshua Bowman
Samuel Curtis	Nathaniel Bond
Samuel Savage	John Prentice
Charles Jarvis	John Barrows

MASTERS OF ARTS.

Samuel Fitch Mr Yale-College, Stephen Sayer Mr New-Jersey, Daniel Little } Honorary Degrees,

Edward Wigglesworth, Graduated in 1761.
Jonathan Crane 1762.
Marshall Spring 1762.

Joseph Hooper	Joshua Upham
Jedediah Huntington	Jonathan Bliss
Josias Quincy	Samson Salter Blowers
Samson Stoddard	John Cabot
Joshua Henshaw	Timothy Pickering
Nathaniel Noyes	Ephraim Ward
Samuel Angier	Josiah Dana
Nathan Cushing	Archelaus Putnam
Samuel Eaton	Tarrant Putnam
Stephen Scales	Joseph Brown
John Jeffries	Samuel Porter
Jonathan White	Thomas Gannett
Benjamin Dolbeare	Caleb Gannett
John Hunt	Samuel Perley
Nathaniel Fisher	John Marrett
Richard Cary	Jacob Coggin

Public Auction.

TO-MORROW,

A Great Variety of Houshold Furniture, belonging to the Estate of *James Griffin*, Esq; deceased—The Sale to be at the Mansion House—consisting of Mehogany Tables, Chairs, Cases of Draws, Desks, Looking Glasses, Feather Beds, Bedsteads and Bedding, two 8 Day Clocks, sundry valuable Pieces of Plate made in London, Pewter, Brass, China and Glass Ware, &c. &c. &c. Likewise a Coach, a 4 wheel Chaise, a 2 wheel ditto, with Harnessing compleat, with many other Articles too many to be enumerated—The Sale to begin at 10 o'Clock, A. M. and to be continu'd till all is sold.

N. B. To be seen the Day before the Sale.

B. CHURCH.

Likewise on *FRIDAY* the 25th Instant will be sold, at the Royal Exchange Tavern, at One o'Clock, by PUBLIC VENDUE, the Brig NEW SWALLOW, burthen 125 Tons, as she now lies at *Griffin's* Wharff, with all her Appurtenances, well found, about 4 Years old, of very good Dimensions for the West India Trade. Inventory of her Stores, &c. may be seen by applying to Messrs. *Henry Laughton, Benjamin Faneuil*, Jun. or Capt. *Andrew Gardner*, late Master.

For *LONDON*,

The Ship London Packet,

Robert Calef, Master,

Will sail in 8 Days, having seven eights of her Cargo on board: For Freight or Passage, apply to the Master on board, or to *Nathaniel Wheatley*, at his Store in King-Street.

Samuel Eliot

Has just Imported in Capt. Scott *from* LONDON *and Capt.* Gardner *from* BRISTOL,

A large Assortment of English and India GOODS, consisting of the following Articles, which he is determined to sell at the very lowest Rates by Wholesale and Retail, at his SHOP near the Head of Dock-Square, just above the Market, *Viz.*

A genteel Assortment of superfine cloths
coloured fustians
duroys
best damascus for mens waistcoats
black, cloth-colour'd and crimson breeches patterns
an assortment of callicoes and patches
figur'd cotton & linens
blue and white, and dark striped hollands
colour'd & black ell-wide persians (ditto
blue, white, & pink narrow
pink, white & blue figur'd cardinal silk
blue, pink & black sattin
cloth-col^d Eng. lutestring
black and cloth taffeties
niccanees and tapsails
dark cotton gowns
blue and white ditto
a large assortment of broglios
Turkey tippees
bengals and poniascoes
fashion garland trimming
black alamode
very nice book-muslin
5-qrs & 6 qrs sheer-muslin
ell-wide & 6-qrs thick ditto
yard-wide cambricks
ditto the common width
packet cambricks
yard-wide, 7-8 & packet lawns
colour'd & black feathers
head flowers & childrens fillets
figur^d & plain white gauze
best cap wire
black silk mitts
out siz'd black ditto
a good assortm. of ribbons
paddle stick fans
bone, ebony & ivory fans
mens and womens cotton and thread hose
mens brown thread ditto worsted ditto
cap lace
blond and trolly lace
stamp'd white & black lace
very nice trimm'd chipt bonnets
yard-wide India dimity
yard-wide flowered ditto
plain & corded half-yard dimity
clouting diapers
3-qrs & half-yard diapers
table-cloths
3-qrs, 7-8th & yard-wide Irish linens
Irish & Russia sheeting
3 qrs dowlass & garlix
long lawns
white water'd tabby
3-qrs, 7-8th & yard-wide cotton checks
a large assortment apron check
colour^d & mourning gauze

Mississinets plain and figur'd
colour'd brilliants
tunerize budoys
half & yard-wide poplins
strip'd & cross-bar'd stuffs
a large assortment of double camblets
ditto for roqueloes
russels and prussianets
alapeens black & colour'd
an assortment of silk handkerchiefs
yellow holland
stay braid and strapping cords ferrets
strip'd & birds eye camblet
black & cloth cotton velvet
cotton velvet figured waistcoat shapes
middling and low-priced broad cloths
blue, black and cloth-colour'd serges
ratteens emboss'd serges
white flannel
strip'd & figur'd swan-skin
swanskin for ironing cloths
red drapery bayes
half-thicks
strip'd, scarlet & green caps
Bristol & London shalloons
tammies and durants
black, green, blue, cloth-colour'd white & crimson calamancoes
everlasting
mohair, silk & hair, and scarf twist
silk & hair and horse hair buttons
broad qualities
shoe ditto
filleting and tapes
sewing silks
black gimp
snail trimming
all gimp ditto
pink & white lace
black cardinal silk
mens buckrams
brown holland and white ditto
yellow canvas
Russia linens
osnabrigs & sicklenburg
check'd, spotted & flower'd linnen handkerchiefs
cotton romalls
strip'd tape & none so pretty
coloured threads
pins and gartering
womens English shoes clogs and goloshoes
cape velvets
womens black velvet knee garters
shirt buttons
plain cambleteens
knit waistcoats
plain black sattin hats
black quilted ditto
cotton stay laces
green, blue & black lutestring.

ALSO,

A genteel and fashionable Assortment of LOOKING GLASSES, Poland and common STARCH, a large Assortment of Womens and Childrens STAYS.——

Writing, Cartridge and Press PAPER,—Slates, Quills, and Ink-Powder.

Crewels, double-wash'd and other Metal Buttons, Ravens Duck, Butt Soles.

Thread, Silk and Silver Tippets and Turbans, &c.——

Province of the *Massachusetts-Bay*.

Plymouth, ss.

To JAMES WARREN, *of* Plymouth, *in the County of* Plymouth, *Esq;* Greeting.

SEAL. WHEREAS Application has been made this Day to me the Subscriber, one of his Majesty's Justices of the Peace through the Province of the *Massachusetts Bay* in *New-England*, by you and others the major Part of the Owners or Proprietors of a certain Tract of Land, containing about Eighteen Thousand and two Hundred Acres, lying all round Fort *Halifax* in the County of *Lincoln*, and bounded and described as in said Application is mentioned (except one Thousand Acres of the said Tract being particular Property) that I would call a Meeting of said Proprietors pursuant to Law for the several Purposes mentioned in said Application: THESE are therefore in his Majesty's Name to require you the said *James Warren*, to Notify and Warn the other, and all the Proprietors of said Tract of Land, in the Method the Law has prescribed, to meet together on Tuesday the Seventh Day of *October* next, at Five of the Clock in the Afternoon, at the Dwelling House of Mr. *Thomas Southworth Howland*, Innholder in *Plymouth* in the County of *Plymouth*, then and there to transact the following Articles.

1. To choose a Moderator.
2. To choose a Clerk.
3. To raise Money to carry on the necessary Affairs of said Propriety, such as the procuring Settlers, clearing Highways, building Mills, and in general for all the necessary Occasions of said Propriety to bring forward said Settlement.
4. To choose a Collector.
5. To choose a Treasurer.
6. To agree upon proper Methods for bringing forward said Settlement, either by Grants of Land to the Settlers, or by any other Method the Proprietors shall agree on.
7. To improve, divide, or dispose of any of said Lands as the major Part of the Interested shall agree on.
8. To appoint a Method for calling their Meetings for the future, as they shall judge most convenient; and this shall be your sufficient Warrant, for your so doing. Given under my Hand, and Seal, this 4th Day of *July*, in the Sixth Year of his Majesty's Reign, *Annoque Domini*, 1766.

THO^S CLAPP.

THE above is a true Copy of the Original Warrant to me directed. And I do hereby Notify and Warn the Proprietors of the Tract of Land therein described, to meet together at the Time and Place and for the Purposes therein mentioned.

JAMES WARREN.

N. B. Wanted a Number of good Settlers on the above-mentioned Tract of Land. Any Person inclining to settle there may meet with suitable Encouragement by applying to *Gamaliel Bradford* at *Duxborough*, *James Otis* at *Barnstable*, *John Winslow* at *Marshfield*, *James Warren* at *Plymouth*, *Daniel Howard* at *Bridgewater*, or *William Taylor*, Esq^rs, at *Milton*.

ALL Persons indebted to, or have any Demands on the Estate of Captain *Timothy Rogers*, late of *Gloucester*, Trader, deceas'd, are desired to bring in their Accounts to *Isaac Smith*, of *Boston*, Administrator to said Estate, or to his Attorney Mr. *Daniel Rogers* of *Gloucester*, in Order for Settlement.

Messrs Edes & Gill,

Please to insert the following.

SINCE every News-Paper in this Town has furnish'd the Public with an account of the proceedings of the Governor, Council and House of Representatives, concerning an indemnification for the sufferers in the late disturbances, I suppose it will become a matter of speculation, as seems to be the design of the person who promoted this publication, [a] Every one who has the sensations of humanity must feel for the sufferers; I mean those of the 26th of August---their losses are very great, one of them in particular, and their treatment was such as no man should receive who had the least pretension to a right of existence among mankind---I have often thought that the indignant manner with which they were treated, must afford to them more anxiety than the losses they have sustained, great as they are; and for that reason I should be glad if any method might now be found to make good their damages to them. But I must confess I have less reason to hope for this than I had some time ago: the manner in which the people have been address'd upon this subject, and the footing upon which his Excellency the Governor has thought proper to put the matter in his several speeches to the house of representatives, it seems to me will greatly obstruct, if not totally defeat the hopes of all those who were candidly dispos'd towards it. His Excellency was pleas'd very early to recommend to the house to order a compensation as an act of *justice*: he told them that they must be sensible that it would be *expected* that these damages should be made good; and that they had better do it of their own accord before any *requisition* should be made to them---this the house seem'd to think, was as much as to tell them, that if they would not do it willingly, they would be *forc'd* to it; as appears by their answer, in which they discover some resentment, and observe, that they are greatly at a loss to know who has any right to *require* a compensation of them.

The afore-mentioned speech, as all may remember, very much engag'd the attention of the publick, being fraught with extraordinary matter: Nor was it thought least of all surprizing, that while the people of this continent were alarm'd at an act of parliament made to tax them without their *consent* (to the repeal of which his Majesty has been since graciously pleas'd to give his royal assent) it was not thought the least surprizing part of the speech, that amidst the perturbation of mind discover'd in the most sensible and dispassionate persons, the violent commotions which the stamp-act had rais'd, and the imprudent measures which some persons had prescrib'd to *awe* the people into a submission to it, his Excellency should think it a part of wisdom to predict, to say no more of it, a *requirement*, of much the same nature, and if possible more inconsistent with the free constitution of Great-Britain: for what material difference is there between the people of America being taxed by the parliament, and their representatives being *required* to tax them by an *indisputable, uncontroulable* authority----through favor the prediction has not yet come to pass, and we may venture to affirm it never will; until the people shall be induc'd to believe that to *recommend*, and to *require*, are words of the same import.

It seems to be a cardinal point with the government and the people at home, and all good men here earnestly desire it, since the grand cause of discontent is removed, that every conciliating step should be taken---It is a great misfortune that any should appear to take pains to fret and gall the old sore, when the people by *their own* methods had so nearly heal'd the wound---America I am perswaded, and this province in particular, whatever pains may be taken to provoke and irritate them, as they ever have done, will still approve themselves in point of loyalty and affection, to his Majesty---unreproachable---And as we have the testimony of both houses of assembly, that the province *is* restor'd to peace and tranquility, we have reason to think that *their* authority will be sufficient to baffle the mean designs of those, who would insinuate to the world, that we are *yet* wanting, or ever were *in a dutiful submission to the sovereign power to which we are subordinate, and a brotherly love and affection to that people from whom we are derived.*

Mr. Secretary Conway, in his letter written to the Governor by his Majesty's command, tells him, that nothing will tend more effectually to every conciliating purpose, than that he should exert himself in *recommending* it strongly to the assembly, that full and ample compensation be made: Had Mr. Secretary thought that this candid language would have been immediately chang'd into "a *requisition*"---"not to be controverted": It is probable he would not have expected any conciliating purpose would have been serv'd by it; unless he had conceiv'd an opinion of an American assembly, which it cannot be suppos'd he had, as having lost all sentiments of dignity, and forgot that it is the pride and glory of British subjects when they raise moneys even for the most necessary and important purposes of his Majesty's government, to stile them grants and free gifts

This ugly word, *requisition*, for I cannot give it a better epithet, as it is now apply'd, it must be confess'd has been too much adopted and grown into use: If any thing more is designed by it, than the laying the expediency of raising a sum of money for a certain purpose, before the representatives of the people, to be by them judg'd of and *freely* determin'd, it cannot I think be said that the people are taxed at the discretion of their representatives, and there seems to arise the imp of a stamp-act. But if his Excellency frankly means, to refer this matter to the mature *deliberation* of the house, and to leave it to them to take the expediency of it under consideration, I hope I shall be pardon'd in thinking it strange that he should chuse to give it the term of a *requisition*, and to tell the house that it is introduc'd with an authority which should "preclude all disputation about complying with it"!

His Excellency, in his speech to the present house upon this subject, after telling them that the authority of parliament precludes all disputation about this matter, and that the requisition is so forceable that it cannot be controverted; and in short representing that they were bound, not only upon the principles of humanity and justice, which influenced his Majesty and the parliament to recommend, or as his Excellency chuses, to *require* it; but also in obedience to such requirement, whether they themselves should see the justice of it or not; he then proceeds to *hope* that they will therein set an example of *gratitude* to the King and parliament---But can so amiable a virtue flow from blind submission to uncontroulable power! Had his Excellency kept to the royal word *recommendation*---Had he not in a manner buried the language of the house of commons, who declare *their opinion* only that such persons *ought* to have full compensation made to them---and that an humble address be presented to his Majesty humbly to desire that his Majesty would be graciously pleas'd to give direction that the said resolutions be transmitted to the Governors of his Majesty's colonies--to be by them *communicated* to their respective assemblies ---Had this matter been laid before the house in the same *spirit*, and nearly at least in the same language in which it came from our gracious Sovereign and the parliament, the house would have seen one occasion (and his Excellency is *well assured* they never were wanting in that regard) to have exercis'd their *gratitude* to his Majesty and the parliament, for their mild and tender manner of expression.

We have been often told that if we do this thing, or do not do that, we shall be thought ungrateful, and disobedient to the King and the parliament, which consideration serves powerfully to influence a people so loyal and dutiful, as his Excellency *most certainly knows* this people are---but it is a pity that this should be held as a rod over us---Some gentlemen have been too apt to represent the most amiable personage, as hard and severe, as jealous of his subjects, and dispos'd to think them ungrateful, undutiful and disloyal; and it is not improbable that the people have been represented in an evil light to their King; and it is at least possible that the narratives, &c. which are said to have been sent to the mother country, have serv'd to raise an unreasonable jealousy of us in some of our brethren there, "to whom we are nearly related by civil policy and mutual interests"---but this point may be, and in my humble opinion has already been carried too far: it is not likely that the late commotions would have arisen to such a length as they did, had not some persons who have since taken the advantage of it, represented the King and his parliament as deaf to the voice of his oppressed subjects---and now we are told that if we do not concede to every thing which is recommended to us, at the distance of three thousand miles, where causes and effects on this side the water are not and cannot easily be known, why truly we shall be thought ungrateful: of which by the way there is not the least intimation in the letter from Mr. Conway, nor the resolves of the house of commons. His Excellency indeed fears that the King and parliament will think their intimations disregarded; and says, that they expect from the house that the sufferers *shall* be indemnify'd *at all events*; and strongly intimates, that if the house do not "remove the *disgrace* which the town of Boston has suffer'd by being *tame spectators*", their trade, which he says is now in a very nice balance, may suffer. But what reason is there why we should entertain so dishonorable and ungrateful thoughts of his Majesty and the parliament, as to imagine, that our declining to do what they have never in the least degree enjoyned upon us to do, will meet with their resentment? they have told us what *they think* ought to be done, and left it to the assembly to act according to their best discretion in doing it or not; supposing that they are capable of forming some judgment of the justice or generosity or expediency of it: they have not given the least intimation that they should be displeased with them as being refractory for not doing it--they have candidly *communicated* to them *their* sense of the matter, or at least ordered it to be done, and seem to be assured that they will adopt and imitate their sentiments if this appear to them to be founded "on the clearest principles of humanity and justice": what is there in all this from whence we may gather reason to fear that the parliament will be so displeased with them for not implicitly thinking as *they* do in an *unessential* point, or for not acting contrary to *their own* sentiments, if they should differ from them, as to deprive the colonies of the equitable emoluments of trade; especially, when from a series of the best intelligence, we know that the parliament of Great-Britain are the patrons of the trade of America?

The parliament surely, that august assembly, whom his excellency in a former speech has very justly called, the *fountain of national justice*, will not act from capricious humor, or malignant resentment.

Let us then think soberly of this matter of compensation---Let us consider our brethren as having suffered great loss, and greater indignity----We are not bound to make good these losses, because one thinks we ought, and another tells us we must or shall---There are laws of society, which, tho' not inscribed on tables of stone, are written on the human heart---Strict justice perhaps will not require this; but other considerations may take place:---I cannot think it amiss to conclude this subject with the following passages of sacred writ---stand fast in that *Liberty* wherewith Christ has made you *Free*; and love your neighbour as your self.----

T. S.

(a) vide page 427 (b) page 390 vvv vide the Stamp act page 53. † See the Speeches &c answers & referred to in y^e above, in the Index, under their proper Heads.

PRINTS

Of the late Rev. *Jonathan Mayhew*, D. D. done in Mezzotinto by *Richard Jennys*, jun. are sold by *Nathaniel Hurd*, Engraver, near the Exchange.

THIS DAY Published,

And sold at the Heart & Crown *in Cornhill*,

An ECLOGUE,

Sacred to the Memory of the

Rev. Dr. JONATHAN MAYHEW.

Who departed this Life July 6th,

Anno Salutis humanæ 1766.

Ætatis 46.

TO BE SOLD BY

Joseph & Daniel Waldo,

At their SHOP in King-street,

Near the lower End of the Town-House,

All sorts of Braziers & Cutlers Ware, Powder Shot, Steel, Wool Cards, Brass Furniture for Desks, &c Brilliant Button Stones.—Likewise best English Loaf Sugar, and Bristol Beer by the Hogshead, very cheap for the Money.

To be Sold on reasonable Terms,

A convenient House, of three Tenements, with two Shops, fronting the main Street, all under good Improvement, adjoining to Mr. *Gerrish's* Vendue, in Fish street, North End; as public a Place for Business, by Sea and Land, as is in *Boston*. Inquire of Mrs. *Weakers*, Shopkeeper, in the Front of said House, or the Printers hereof.

To be Sold, a few Hogsheads of best *London* LOAF SUGAR, imported in Capt. *Scott*, at *John* and *William Powell's* Warehouse, No. 14, on the Long Wharff.

We the Subscribers being appointed Commissioners by the Judge of Probate for the County of Cumberland, *to examine the Claims of the several Creditors to the Estate of* Joshua Barstow, *late of* Harpswell, *deceas'd, will attend on that Affair at the Dwelling House of* Elizabeth Barstow, *in said* Harpswell, *Widow, on the second Monday of* July, *and the second Mondays of the five next following Months, from Eight o'Clock in the Forenoon, till Five in the Afternoon.*

Harpswell, June 30, 1766.

Benjamin Jaques,
William Gowell, jun.
Nehemiah Curtis.

Imported in the last Ships from London and Briſtol, and to be Sold by

Stephen Deblois, jun.

At the Sign of the GOLDEN-EAGLE, on Dock-Square, *BOSTON*,

AND BY

George Deblois,

At his Shop in *SALEM*,

A general Aſſortment of Hardware GOODS, &c. &c. &c.

Among which are the following Articles, cheap for CASH.

ENgliſh and German Steel
Barr Lead and Bullets
All ſizes dropt ſhot
Beſt piſtol powder
Fine Engliſh and French flints
Braſs kettles and ſkillets
Frying, ſtew and dripping pans
Neat braſs-tipt and poliſh'd ſteel headed andirons, and ſhovel and tongs
Spare fire pans
Braſs ſkimmers and ladles
Copper boiling pots and baking pans
Iron braſs and French p'ate candleſticks and ſnuffers
Braſs noſe chamber and kitchen bellows
Very good kitchen jacks
Jack and ſcale iron chains
Iron pepper and coffee mills
Iron coffee roaſters
Mops and broom bruſhes
Houſe bells, pullies and ſtrings
Braſs door knockers & large outſide door iron locks
All ſorts ſteel plate ſaws
Locks, hinges, latches, bolts
Hammers chizz'es
Plain irons, rules and gimlets
Brick and plaiſtering trowels
Iron ſquares and compaſſes
All ſizes nails tax and brads
Braſs chair nails
A great variety of braſs furniture for deſks and draws, with locks hinges &c compleat
Setts of clock caſe furniture
A compleat aſſortment of Sadler's and ſhoe makers wares
Fine ſhoe ſpinnel and awl blades
Livery lace and horſe whips
Silver mounted ſwords
Neat pocket piſtols
Fencing foils, Walking canes
Angling rods, Hair lines
Kirby ſteel fiſh hooks, and all ſorts fiſhing lines and hooks
Lamp tea kettles and coffee pots
Neat japan'd waiters, and Mogogany tea trays
Mehogany tea cheſts
Horn and ivory combs, and ſome neat tortoiſhell ditto
Beſt London and White-chapple ſewing needles, clear of ruſt
Knitting needles and pins
Braſs, iron and common thimbles
Common and temple ſpectacles
Pound beads and necklaces
Money ſca'es and weights
Sealing wax and wafers
Writing paper and ink powder
Braſs and iron chaffing diſhes
Beſt hard metal & common pewter diſhes, plates and baſons
Tea pots, ſpoons meaſures, tercens
Bed and cloſe ſtool pans
Wool and cotton cards
Caſe knives & forks of all kinds
Some neat ivory hafted ditto
Carving knives and forks
Beſt ſteel penknives
Cuttoes Razors Shears
Neat ſteel ſciſſors, and ſilver'd ſciſſor chains and ſheaths
Stone ſtay hooks
A great variety ſhoe & knee buckles Sleeve buttons
Coat and breaſt buttons all ſorts
Buckle and teeth bruſhes
Lathering bruſhes and boxes
Wigg cauls and ribbons
Punch ladles Frame ſlates
Engliſh ſole leather
Cloth & ſhoe bruſhes of all ſorts
All ſizes of window glaſs
Large flat irons and box irons
Smiths viſes and anvils
Snuff and tobacco boxes
Rape and canary bird ſeed
Common and Poland ſtarch
Rotton ſtone, worſted chaiſe reins
Braſs buckle wire
Neat ſteel chapes and tongs
Brilliant button & earing ſtones
Neat ſteel cork ſcrews
Curling and pinching tongs
Steel & braſs portmantua locks
Braſs tea canniſter locks
Braſs & ſteel chimney hooks
Springs to pull corks out of bottles
Braſs cloak and picture hooks
Nighted & lock wine & beer cocks
Neat braſs curtain & finger rings
Neſts of crucibles
Borax, Soder Glew
Scyth ſtones and ſickles
Curry combs and horſe bruſhes
China plate baskets
Kniſe baskets lin'd with tin
Bread baskets and Ladies working baskets
Fine aſſortment looking glaſſes
London made violins & bows
Beſt freſh violin ſtrings
Setts of ſtrings for large baſſo's
Engliſh and German Flutes
Tutors for violin and flute
Braſs ſpinnet wire and quills
Hautboies Reeds
Braſs and iron jewharps
Black pepper, Mace
Nutmegs, Cloves and Cinnamon
White and red lead
Calcin'd ſmalt and verdigreeſe
Roll'd brimſtone Copperas
Allum Leaf Gold
Battledors and huttle Cocks
Boys Marbles and Tops
Surgeons inſtruments compleat
Neat tooth drawers
Worſted crewels and canvis
Shoe quality, Broad bindings
Garterings Tapes Silk ferrets
Fans Threads Laces
Knee ſtraps
Stampt Liberty and other new-faſhion Ribbons; together with a great variety of Engliſh Piece Goods
Engliſh and Ruſſia Duck
Peterſburg Hemp
Cordage of all Sizes
Porter and Taunton Ale
Split Peas by the Cask
Ships Buntings
Houſelin and Marline
Large ivory memorandum books
Rat and Mouſe Traps
Cheeſe Taſters
Neat ſteel ſpring ſnuffers
Felt and Caſtor Hats, &c.

☞ Beſt Freſh RAISINS, and Refin'd Barr Iron, &c.

Publiſhed for the general Benefit of GREAT BRITAIN and the NORTH AMERICAN COLONIES.

(And ſold by EDES & GILL, *in Queen Street;)*

AN

ABSTRACT

Of the moſt uſeful Parts of a late TREATISE on HEMP, tranſlated from the *French* of M. *Marcandier*, Magiſtrate of *Bourges*, and inſcribed by the Editor at LONDON, to the laudable Society for promoting Arts, Manufactures, &c. Being much recommended to the Growers and Manufacturers of that valuable Material, from ſome Diſcoveries and Experiments of a Method of Preparation, (not formerly in Practice) in Order to its various applications for the Uſe of Mankind.

Together with ſome Obſervations upon the Proſpect of ſingular advantage which may be derived to *Great-Britain* and her Colonies from *their* early adopting the Method preſcribed.

To which is added, *A PLAN* of the *Penſylvania* Hemp Brake, ſo conſtructed, as that one Man is able to Brake and Clean 100 Pounds of well-dreſſed Hemp in a Day.

TO BE SOLD, Inquire of the Printers, HENRY on the Bible, 6 Vols. a very good Edition, bound in the neateſt Manner, gilt and letter'd on the Back. Flavels Works in 2 Vols. beſt London Edition. A beautiful Pair of new 12 Inch Globes; a large Black walnut Leather Bottom Couch; a Mehogany Deſk; a Folio Bible of the largeſt Size, the beſt Paper and Letter, &c.

To be Sold Cheap for Caſh, at *Timothy White's* Shop, A little above the Market;

THE Royal Harmony of the Church Muſick, containing Thirty favourite Anthems, the whole neatly engrav'd from the original Scores, on upwards of one Hundred Plates by *A. Williams*, Author of the univerſal Pſalmodiſt; Knap and Davenport's Tunes and Anthems, Walter & Bayley's Tunes, Handle's Oratorio of Athalia, Meſſiah, Joſeph, Jephtha, Joſhua Deborah, Belſhazzar, Sampſon, Solomon, Eſther, Alexander; the occaſional Oratorio, Time and Truth, Saul, Theodora, Suſanna, Maccabæus, Te Deum, the choice of Hercules, Alexander's Feaſts, L. Allegro, Semele, Hercules, Acis and Galatea, genteel Houſhold Furniture in the preſent Taſte, containing 350 Deſigns, beautifully colour'd, the Nobleman and Gentleman's Aſſiſtant in the choice of their Wheel Carriages beautifully coloured, a Set of new Deſigns for Coach and Chariot Bodies colour'd, Miſs Ford's Inſtructions for playing on the Muſical Glaſſes, &c.

Bailey, Martin, Fenning and Johnſon's Engliſh Dictionaries, Fenning Spelling Book and Ready Reckoner, Doddridge's Family Expoſitor; with a freſh Aſſortment of Books, Stationary and Hard Ware Goods.

WANTED,

10 Pair live WOOD-DUCKS, for which the Caſh will be given. Inquire of Edes & Gill.

Juſt Imported from LONDON, *in the Brig* Lydia, *Capt* Scott, *and to be ſold by*

William Palfrey,

At his Shop next Door to the HEART *and* CROWN, *in* CORNHILL, BOSTON, *at the very loweſt Price, by Wholeſale or Retail,*

BRown half ſtuff'n'd & white Buckrams
Pins of all ſorts
Superfine and coarſe colour'd Threads
Ivory Combs Shirt Buttons
Belladine & Spaniſh ſewing ſilks
Stay Braid, Stay Strapping Galloom and Cord
Ferrit, Snail Trimming
Knee Garters
Barcelona Cravats
White plain Gauze
Sprig'd & flower'd ditto
Black figur'd Gauze and Catgut
Ell wide & ¾ yard Perſians
Black figur'd Mohair
Plain & ſprig'd black Sattin
Blond Lace
Chip Hats Sattin ditto
Coarſe, fine and ſuperfine Tammies
Brocaded and ſpotted Mecklinburgs
Yard wide Venetians
Cloth, green and crimſon worſted Damaſks
Black plain Laſting
Colour'd Brilliants
Purple, cloth coloured green & black Doriſeens
Black Ruſſells
Coarſe and fine plain and ſtrip'd Camblets
Muſſinets Grazets
Broglioes ſtript Mantuas
Silk & worſted Grograms
Flower'd & check Lobins
3 4 7 8 and yard-wide Iriſh Linnens
Yellow Canvas
Cotton Velvets
London Qualities
Striped Tapes
Gartering ſuperfine ſtriped & plain Laces
Strip'd Cotton Hollands
Silk Damaſcus
3 4 & 7 8 Cotton Checks
Furniture Checks
7 8, yard wide and 6 4 Holland Checks
Cottons in Patterns for Gowns
Cotton Ginghams
Dark Cotton Hollands
¼ & yard ½ Linen Checks
Quality Bindings
Shoe Qualities
Corded & figured Dimity
Cotton Shapes for Waiſtcoats Slick Dowlaſſes
9 8 and ell wide ſheeting
Long Lawns, Huckabuck
Clouting & other Diapers
Diaper and Damaſk Tablecloths
India Dimmity
Demy Cambricks

A Fine Aſſortment of Callicoes & Chints
Blue and white paſſework Handkerchiefs
7 8 and yard wide plain Lawns, Bengalls
Cotton Romall Handkerchiefs, Silk — ditto
Womens black Ruſſell Shoes, colour'd ditto
Coat and Breaſt Metal Buttons gilt and plain of all kinds
White, blue, green and red Baize
White Flannel
German Serges
Ell-wide Swanskin for Ironing Cloths
Superfine Cloths of faſhionable colours
Scarlet ditto
Emboſs'd Serges
Striped Linceys
Green, Beaver and ſcarlet Frizes, ſtrip'd Duffils
Scarlet, green, crimſon & ſtrip'd Worſted Caps
Mens and Womens cotton worſted and thread Hoſe
Black, crimſon cloth and Buff 4 thd breeches Patt.
Womens black & colour'd Worſted and Silk Mitts
Oznabrigs & Ticklinburg
Ravens Duck
Ruſſia Linnen
3 4 and 7 8 Garlix
A fine aſſortment of faſhionable Ribbons
Fine and coarſe Fuſtians
Black & cloth coloured ſerge
Yorkſhire Plains
Silk crimſon green and black allamoodes
Shalloons
Drab green and crimſon water'd Grograms
Red and blue Duffils
Wilton or Turkey Carpets
Cloth Bruſhes
Scrubbing ditto
Duſt Bruſhes
Painted Hearth & Shoe do.
Carpet Brooms
Crutch ditto, Stair ditto
Womens white glaz'd Kid and Lamb Gloves
Unglaz'd & colour'd ditto
Mens white unglaz'd Gloves with ſlich'd Tops
Silk & Hair, & Scarf Twiſt
Tapes & Nane ſo pretties
Writing Paper Preſs Paper
Cartridge ditto
Quills, Account Books
Ink Powder, &c
Gunpowder by the Cask
Bohea Tea Poland and common Starch, and choice French Indigo.

ALSO, *A Conſignment of a few Pieces of* Engliſh Duck, *from No 1 to 7, to be ſold near the Sterling Coſt for Caſh*

Joſhua Blanchard,

On Dock-Square, hath juſt Imported in Capts. *Marſhall* and *Scott* from *London*, and ſells at the very loweſt Rates for Caſh,

Iriſh Linnens, Mens worſted thread and cotton Hoſe, Mens white black and marble Silk Hoſe, Silk Breeches Patterns, Damaſcus for Waiſtcoats, double Alopeen, Men and Womens white Silk Gloves, beſt dark Patches, Chints, Furniture Check dark and blue and white cotton Hollands, cloth colours wide Perſians, beſt of black and white Sattin, Sheeting, Damask Tabling and Tab'e Cloths, white Tabby, Duroys, worſted and ſilk Sagathee, new Fans, ſuperfine Broad Cloths with Shalloons and Trimmings to match, a great Aſſortment of Silks and new Trimmings; a faſhionable aſſortment of Looking Glaſſes with a large and general aſſortment of Goods ſuitable for the Seaſon.

(See the SUPPLEMENT

Advertisements.

NATHANIEL BALCH, notifies his Friends and Customers, That he has removed from Mr. *Bligh's* Shop in Newbury Street, to Mr. *John Langdon's* in Fore Street, near the Draw Bridge next Door to Mr. *Jonathan Cushing*,—where he has to sell——the best——

Beaver, Beverett, Caſtor and Felt HATS, of his own Make —Alſo a compleat Aſſortment of Glaſs, China and Delph Ware, French Indigo, Flask Oyl, Spices of all Sorts, Allum, Copperas, Muſtard, Poland Starch, Stone Blue, Houſe Bruſhes, Salt Petre, Iſinglaſs, Kippen's Snuff japann'd Ware, Mehogany Trays and Tea Cheſts, Sugar Canniſters, Baskets for China Knives and Bread Knives and Forks, Shoe Bruſhes, Candleſticks, Snuff Boxes, Pipes, Figs, Currants, beſt Hyſon and Bohea Tea, Coffee and Chocolate Loaf and Brown Sugar, and many other Articles, all cheap for Caſh.

Whereas on or about the 10th of May laſt, a Man, his Name unknown, ſomewhat thin, ſuppoſed to be about 25 Years of Age, dreſt with a blue Sundrit Coat and a dark Wig hired a dark Bay Mare of the Subſcriber to go to Newbury Port, *and has not been heard of ſince ——THIS is to give Notice, that any Perſon who ſhall apprehend the ſaid Perſon, ſo that he may be bro't to publick Juſtice, and the Owner have his Mare, ſhall have FOUR DOLLARS Reward and all neceſſary Charges paid The Mare is about Eight Years old, Paces and Trots, round built, black Mane and Tail, her Mane lays the near Side, ſhe had a new Ruſſet Saddle, with a Cloth, and Bridle.*

Charleſtown, July 11, 1766. EBENEZER BREED.

TO BE SOLD,

A convenient Brick Dwelling-Houſe, with a good Yard, and a good Well of Water, in Brattle-Street, oppoſite the Rev. Mr. *Cooper's* Meeting Houſe. Inquire of *Benjamin Dolbeare*.

TO BE SOLD,

SUNDRY Lots of Land lying on *Kennebeck* River, viz.

1 Lot containing 1200 Acres
1 ditto - - ditto 800
1 ditto - - - - 200

For Particulars, enquire of *Nathaniel Thwing*.

TO BE SOLD BY

Joſeph Tyler,

At his Shop the North Side of the Town Dock, *Boſton*,

All Sorts of Braizery and Ironmongery Wares.—Powder, Steel, Wool Cards, Chalk by the Hundred or Ton, Window Glaſs, Grindſtones, beſt Velvet Corks, &c.

BEſt Bohea and Hyſon Tea, Spices of all Sorts, new Currants per Caſk, Poland Starch per Caſk, Kippen's Snuff, Salt Petre, French Indigo, Stone blue, Muſtard per Box, Pipes per Box, Hogſheads of Stone Lime, Wines in Quarter Caſks a compleat Aſſortment of Glaſs and China Ware, japann'd Ware of all Sorts, Window Glaſs, Engliſh Duck No. 2 & 6, Pins 4 & 12, neat Mehogany Trays and Tea Boards, Tea Cheſts, Baskets for China, &c. Copperas, Allum, Iſinglaſs, Crates Apothecaries Phials, Chimney Tile, and many Articles beſides, ſold cheap for Caſh, by

Samuel Fletcher,

Near the Draw-Bridge, *BOSTON*.

Joſhua Gardner & Co.

In Cornhill,

Have imported in the laſt Ships from *LONDON* and *BRISTOL*, A good Aſſortment of Engliſh Piece and Hardware GOODS, which they determine to ſell at the very loweſt Rates for Caſh.

Fr. Wm. Geyer

HAS Imported in the Captains *Coffin*, *Marſhall* and *Scott*, who are juſt arrived from LONDON;

A Large and general Aſſortment of Engliſh and India GOODS, which he is determined to ſell at the very loweſt Advance for Caſh only, by Wholeſale or Retail, at his Shop next Door to *Joſeph Scott's*, Eſq; in UNION STREET, *BOSTON*:

ALSO

Beſt BOHEA-TEA, Cinnamon, Nutmegs, Cloves, Mace, beſt Poland Starch, blue and white China Tea-Cups & Saucers, Butt Soles beſt gold and ſilver baſket-work'd Buttons, ſingle and double wash'd metal Buttons, horn and ivory Combs, writing Paper by the Ream, &c. &c. &c.

Beſt Sperma Ceti Candles,

Warranted Pure,

MADE AND SOLD by JOHN LANGDON in *Fleet-Street*, above HANCOCK's *Wharf*, near the *Old North Meeting Houſe*. He alſo ſells the *beſt Refin'd Sperma Ceti Oil* by the Barrel. Beſt OLD *Tallow Candles* mould and dipp'd, and Bayberry Wax Candles. ALL *as low as they can be had at any Place in Town*.

For SALE,

The Following VESSELS, *viz.*

SHIP Ceſar, Burthen 210 Tons, Galley built;
Ship Cicero, ditto 220 Tons, Half Frigate;
Ship Brutus, ditto 220 Tons, ditto;
Ship Romeo, ditto 220 Tons, ditto;

The Ships are new, well built and found.

If no Purchaſers appear ſoon ſaid Ships will be put up for Freight to London on reaſonable Terms For further Particulars, apply to LEWIS DEBLOIS, at his Store oppoſite the Golden Ball, where he has for Sale a General Aſſortment of Engliſh Goods, and Hardwares.

Caleb Blanchard,

In Union-Street,

HAS Imported in the *Lydia*, Captain *Scott* from LONDON.

A Genteel Aſſortment of Looking Glaſſes—Poland and Common Starch—Tea—Pepper—Spices.——

Alſo a general and compleat Aſſortment of Engliſh and India GOODS, which will be ſold at the very loweſt Advance, by Wholeſale or Retail.

Juſt Imported by Captain *Gardner* from *Briſtol*, and Captain *Scott*, from *LONDON*, by

Blanchard & Hancock,

And to be Sold at their Shop, oppoſite the Conduit *Boſton*, by Wholeſale or Retail, cheap for Caſh;

All Sorts Braizery, Cutlery & Pewter Ware,

NAILS, Powder, beſt French Flints, Shott, Sheet Lead, Wool Cards, Sieve Bottoms, Corn Fans, Engliſh and German Steel, beſt Kitchen Jacks, Felt Hatts, Window Glaſs, Boxes of Glaſs Ware, Needles and Pins, whole and half Hunters, Twig and Switch Whips, Allum, Copperas and Brimſtone, Grindſtones, beſt Velvet Corks, &c. &c. ALSO,

Beſt *Philadelphia* and *Ruſſia* IRON, & *Newcaſtle* Coal.

Daniel Parker

GOLDSMITH,

Hereby informs his Country Cuſtomers and others, That he has juſt Imported in Capt. *Hunter*,

A general Aſſortment of Articles in the Goldſmiths, Jewellers and Watchmakers Way, too many to be enumerated in an Advertiſement,—which he will ſell cheap for Caſh.

N. B. Said *Parker* deſires thoſe that are indebted to him to make ſpeedy Payment.

WANTED,

AN IRON KETTLE, holden from 75 to 90 Gallons, for which (if ſuitable) a good Price will be given, and the Money immediately paid. New or ſecond hand will do.

TO BE SOLD,

At the Broker's Store, the Corner of Kilby *Street*;

Beſt Tyſon and Bohea Tea, an Aſſortment of Spices, Florence Oyl by the Cheſt or leſs Quantity, Cheſhire Cheeſe, ſplit Peas, Poland Starch, Young's and Durham's Flour of Muſtard, 15 & 18 Inch TD Pipes by the Box, Window Glaſs by ditto, the beſt Refined Iron by the Ton or leſs, a few Hogſheads Molaſſes, ſewing Twine, Houſeline & Marline, a few Barrels of Blubber, and a Number of other Articles cheap for the Caſh.——Alſo, Mens Gold and Silver-lac'd black, as well as white Beaver Hatts, and Ladies Umbrelloes (Engliſh make) under the St. Coſt.

N. B. In a few Days will be Sold at ſaid Store Engliſh Loaf Sugar per Quantity, &c. and Briſtol Beer by the Hoghead or Dozen.

All Perſons having any Demands on the Eſtate of Mr. Joſeph Weld, *late of* Roxbury, *Currier, deceas'd, are deſired to bring in their Accounts to* Noah Perrin, *Executor, and* Mary Weld, *Executrix to the laſt Will and Teſtament of the ſaid Deceaſed, In Order to a ſpeedy Settlement.—And all ſuch as are indebted to ſaid Eſtate, are once more deſired to make immediate Payment to ſaid Executor or Executrix, or they will be ſued to next* October *Court.*

Roxbury, July 5, 1766.

JUST Imported from London, *by*

Jolley Allen,

AT his Shop about Midway between the Governor's and the Town Houſe, and almoſt Oppoſite the Heart and Crown in Cornhill

BOSTON:

A very large Aſſortment of Engliſh and India Goods, fit for all Seaſons, (too many to be enumerated in an Advertiſement) which he is determined to ſell at the very loweſt Advance for CASH only:——

A large & general Aſſortment of ſilver and other Ribbons, Neck laces, Earings and Pendants, Fillits & Tippets, Womens Calamanco Shoes, at 30s. O. T. a Pair:——

The very beſt of London Bohea Teas, at 36s O. T and at the ſame Rate by the half or quarter of a Pound, and cheaper by the Quantity;—alſo Choice Green Tea, at £10 and another Sort at £6 O.T. per Pound Alſo, Souſhong Tea by large or ſmall Quantities

N. B. ALL the above Teas are Warranted of the beſt Kind; and if otherwiſe will be taken back and the Money returned by the ſaid

JOLLEY ALLEN

William Fiſher,

Has Imported in the laſt Ships from LONDON,

A general Aſſortment of Engliſh Goods, which he ſells at his Shop in Cornhill, oppoſite the Poſt Office, at very low Prices.

WE the Subſcribers being appointed Commiſſioners by the Honorable Judge of Probate for the County of *Suffolk*, to receive and examine the Claims of the ſeveral Creditors to the Eſtate of *David Lenox*, late of *Boſton*, Houſe-Joiner, deceas'd, inteſtate, repreſented Inſolvent; and ſix Months being allowed ſaid Creditors to bring in their Claims and prove their Debts.—The ſaid Creditors are hereby notified, that we ſhall attend that Service at the Sign of the Ferry-Boat, at *Charleſtown* Ferry in ſaid *Boſton*, on the ſecond Tueſday of this and the five next enſuing Months; from 6 to 8 o'Clock, P. M.

Boſton July 1, 1766. JOHN KNEELAND, JON^A. BROWN, } Commiſſioners.

At the Requeſt of three of the Proprietors holding common and undivided Lands under Clark *and* Lake, *on the Eaſtern Side of the River* Sagadahock *and* Merrymeeting Bay, *in the County of* Lincoln, *to me the Subſcriber, for a Proprietors Meeting, to act on the Things hereafter ſet forth, (viz.) To ſee if the Proprietors will defend their Titles to their Lands, and chuſe an Agent, or a Committee to ſue or defend in any Manner of Action that doth or may concern ſaid Proprietors. To inquire into the State of the Mills and Dam at* Negwaſit Falls, *and ſee what the Proprietors will do with their Intereſt there. To ſee what Grants of Land they will make for Conſiderations, as they find proper. To ſee if the Lands of the Proprietors who are yet delinquent in paying their Taxes, ſhall be ſold as the Law directs; and chuſe a Committee for ſaid Sale. To ſee what Roads they will have laid out. To ſee what Money they will grant for the Proprietors Uſe.*

THESE *are therefore to notify and warn ſaid Proprietors, that they meet or aſſemble at the Royal Exchange Tavern in* Boſton, *on Wedneſday the 27th Day of* Auguſt *next, at Nine o'Clock in the Forenoon, to act on the Articles aforeſaid.*

Dated at *Wilmington* the 4th Day of July, 1766.

CADWALLADOR FORD, *Pro's Clerk.*

To be ſold at public Vendue by *John Ball* of *Concord*, Goldſmith, on Wedneſday the 30th day of *July* next, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon, at ſaid *Ball's* dwelling houſe, in ſaid town, for caſh or good ſecurity, about ſix acres of land ſituate in ſaid town, in two pieces oppoſite each other; both fronting the country road, within about 20 rods of the meeting houſe, with a very convenient building ſpot on either of them, a brick ſhop, good barn, corn barn and other buildings ſtanding thereon, with a very good well. Said land conſiſts of orcharding, tillage, and a good garden; a ſuperiour ſituation for a Gentleman in almoſt any kind of trading buſineſs.

N. B. Should any perſon incline to purchaſe at private ſale, opportunity therefor ſhall be given; and if ſold, this advertiſement ſhall ceaſe, otherwiſe be continued weekly until the day prefixt for the public ſale. *May* 26, 1766.

Boſton, Printed by EDES & GILL, *in Queen-Street.* 1766.

SUPPLEMENT to the *Boston-Gazette*, &c. of

MONDAY, JULY 21, 1766.

ANNAPOLIS, June 12.

AT a Meeting of a great Number of the principal Gentlemen and Freeholders of Queen-Ann's County, at Queen's-Town, on the sixth Day of *June*, for the Purpose of celebrating the late happy Event of the Repeal of the STAMP ACT: The Company being met at the House of *Thomas Baker* in the said Town, proceeded from thence to the Green before the Court-House, where a Hole being dug in the Ground, the Emblems of DISCORD were deposited therein, and a Pillar erected on the Spot, amidst the united and joyful Acclamations of all Persons attending, and the Discharge of Cannon, with the following Inscription.

Underneath the Post hereof lieth buried in Oblivion
DISCORD
And by the Friends of Liberty of Queen-Ann's County this Pillar is dedicated to
CONCORD
In Memory of the Restoration of Union, mutual Affection and Tranquility to *Great-Britain* and her Colonies
Under the Auspices of their good King
GEORGE the Third:
By the Friends to *American* Freedom;
But more particularly by the virtuous Influence of The Great Guardian of the Rights of Mankind
WILLIAM PITT:
The Great Preserver of *English* Liberty
LORD *CAMDEN* and
The present Worthy and Patriotic MINISTRY.

The Company then returned to Mr. *Baker's*, where an elegant Supper was prepared; after which the following Toasts were drank, under the Discharge of Cannon.

1. *The KING.*
2. *QUEEN.*
3. *PRINCE of WALES, and all the ROYAL FAMILY.*
4. *Perpetual Union and Harmony between GREAT-BRITAIN and her COLONIES, under the auspicious Government of the illustrious House of HANOVER.*
5. *May the Submission of AMERICA to the MOTHER COUNTRY be ever Compatible with her Constitutional Liberty.*
6. *The House of LORDS.*
7. *The House of COMMONS.*
8. *Mr. PITT.*
9. *Lord CAMDEN.*
10. *Col. BARRE.*
11. *General HOWARD.*
12. *The GOVERNOR, and PROSPERITY to MARYLAND.*
13. *The VIRGINIA ASSEMBLY.*
14. *The Man that first proposed the Congress at New-York. James Otis Esqr jun.r*
15. *All the Gentlemen of the CONGRESS, except those that refused to Sign.*
16. *DANIEL DULANY, Esquire.*
17. *JOHN DICKINSON, Esquire.* *
18. *The LONDON COMMITTEE of MERCHANTS.*
19. *The NAVY and ARMY.*
20. *TRADE and NAVIGATION.*
21. *Number 105 in the HOUSE of LORDS.*
22. *Number 250 in the HOUSE of COMMONS.*
23. *All True HEARTS and Sound BOTTOMS.*

The Company then proceeded to the Pillar, and there drank to PITT and CONCORD. And the Evening was conducted with the highest Festivity, Harmony and Decorum.

June 26. We learn from Virginia, that the General Assembly of that Colony is *again* Prorogued, and is not to meet till September next. ------*(It is supposed this is done in order to prevent a* second *Declaration of* their Rights, *to balance a late extraordinary* Bill of Rights, *imported from London.)*

PHILADELPHIA, July 10.

By late Letters from Fort Pitt, we have the agreeable Intelligence that Col Cochran last Month held a Treaty there with the Shawanese, Delawares &c and happily renewed and confirmed the Chain of Friendship with them.

By a Gentleman who came Passenger in Captain Allison from Antigua, we have advice that admiral Pye was arrived there to relieve admiral Tyrrel, who had sailed for England in company with his Majesty's ship Leostaff and the Tamar sloop.

On Sunday last the Right Hon. Lord HOPE arrived in this City from Maryland.

NEW-YORK, July 14.

The same noble and patriotic Spirit which hath so remarkably actuated the Gentlemen of the General Assembly of the Massachusetts Bay, in the most difficult and perilous Times, to their immortal Honour, continues with them still in an eminent Degree; and notwithstanding all Attempts to delude and draw them into a Snare, they continue as fix'd as Fate in their Resolution of preserving the Liberties of their Country — Their Governor having treated them with a good Deal of Severity which appear'd calculated to cast an Odium on the Province, in his late Speeches, they replied to him in a Stile and Manner that reflects Credit on themselves and Country — With Regard to an Indemnification, which is required by the Governor immediately, at all Events for the Sufferers during the late Commotions, they signify, that, as they conceive, the Sufferers have never applied to them in a parliamentary Way, they are of Opinion that they have done all at present that their most gracious Sovereign and His Parliament can reasonably expect from them — But that to shew Respect to the Recommendation, they have appointed a Committee of Enquiry into this Matter, who are to make Report next Session, when they will act thereon as shall appear to them just and reasonable.— His Excellency having urged an immediate Compliance with Requisition, by an Argument drawn from a Regard to the Town of Boston, the Reputation of whose Inhabitants he says, has already suffered much for having been tame Spectators of the Violences committed, and that this Disgrace would be removed thereby— they acquaint him in Reply, they can see no Reason why the Reputation of that Town should suffer in the Opinion of any one from all the Evidence that has fallen under their Observation; nor does it appear to them how a Compliance would remove such Disgrace if that Town had been so unhappy as to have fallen under it ¶

We hear from Connecticut, That on the 14th ult. about 70 men of Wallingford and the Parts adjacent in that Colony, sign'd and sent a Petition to the County Court, then sitting at New Haven, setting forth, that if they were disturbed and hindered from their farming Business, by any Law Proceedings during the Summer Season in their present Circumstances, they should be absolutely ruin'd and render'd incapable to pay their Debts or support their Families, and therefore praying that the Court would give no Judgments, at that Time, nor adjourn for any further Proceedings against them during the Summer, for that they were determin'd no such Thing should be done, and concluded with something like a Menace, to the Court, in case their Request was not complied with. —On this, the most of the Petitioners were sent for in custody, and as they did not all readily obey the Summons, the Militia was order'd to be raised, but the People of the Place being generally offended with the Petitioners, they thought proper voluntarily to surrender themselves (except 2 or 3 of the Contrivers who absconded) and submit to the Mercy of the Court, declaring that they were perfuaded to sign the Petition, and knew not that it contained any offensive or improper Expressions, for that when it was read to them at their signing, no such Expressions were mentioned. — The Court thought proper to dismiss them, after the Payment of Charges.

On Monday last His Majesty's Packet the Harriot, Capt. Robinson, arrived here with the May Mail from Falmouth, in 7 Weeks and 3 Days; and affords too little of Public Intelligence to promise any Thing more bro't by her than what we have inserted.

Extract of a Letter from London, May 10, 1766

"On Monday it is expected a Motion will be made to bring in a bill for a paper currency, which when printed, it is proposed to be sent to the respective Governors for the Opinion of your assemblies against next session of Parliament."

We hear that Richard Burke, Esq; Secretary to Lord Rockingham, a young Gentleman of Ireland, with the most shining talents that have appeared for a long time and a most sanguine friend for the interest of America, exerted himself nobly in bringing about the Resolves with regard to trade.

Extract of another Letter from London, May 10.

"As for our Affairs abroad, they are upon a pretty good Footing; for though it is natural to expect that our ancient Enemies, the French, will always endeavour to avail themselves of our Divisions when Opportunity offers, they are by no Means in a Condition to break with us at present; great Talents, both Civil and Military, are scarce with them, and their public Revenue is much embarrassed. Add to this, that there is much internal Disturbance among them, and a Spirit of Liberty bursting out in several of the Provinces, to the great Annoyance of the Crown, as you may see by what little Intelligence reaches us; but by far the greatest Part of it is suppressed by the Authority of their Government over the Press. Neither have we any Thing to apprehend from the Family Compact, once so formidable in our Estimation.---The Spaniards, you see, fully sensible of their having been long the Dupes of French Councils, and yet sore with the Sense of what they lately suffered, by being so unseasonably lugged into the War against us, have at length (a very uncommon Incident in that Country) plucked up a Spirit, and obliged their King to discard his obnoxious Minister, who, presuming on the Strength of his Master's Favour, had dared to introduce some foolish Alterations in their Dress, of which they are very tenacious.---Things being thus circumstanced on the Continent, the Peace of Europe is not likely to be soon disturbed."

It was reported that one or more of the present Administration, who were Friends to N. America, would soon resign after the breaking up of Parliament;---of these, the Duke of Grafton was said to be one.

We hear, that between Kenderhook and Albany, there has lately been discovered, a most valuable Spring of Water issuing out of a Rock, of the Hot Kind, the Bathing with which, and drinking the same, has already cured many Disorders, and that great Numbers of People afflicted with different Calamities resort thither daily.

Portsmouth, (New-Hampshire) July 11.

To his Excellency BENNING WENTWORTH Esq: Captain General, Governor & Commander in Chief, in and over his Majesty's Province of New Hampshire in New England. His Majesty's Honorable COUNCIL. and the Hon.ble House of REPRESENTATIVES.

The humble Petition of George Meserve, *of Portsmouth in said Province, Shews.—*

THAT the last year when the Act of parliament, for granting and applying certain stamp-duties, &c. was passed your petitioner being in London, was *honored* with the appointment of distributor of stamped parchment, Vellum and paper for this Province; and in order to execute the duty of his office, was under a necessity of returning to New England much sooner than he otherwise should have done — That he arrived here early in September last, when he found the whole continent in a state of the utmost confusion and disorder, on account of the said Act of parliament.— That by reason of his appointment to that office he has been most shamefully and scandalously insulted and abused; and from the repeated threats daily uttered against him, has been kept in constant fear of his life and property — That every means that envy and malice could devise has been taken by some people in the province to render him odious and contemptible, and to make him the object of inveterate malice and hatred; insomuch that until the account arrived of the the repeal of said Act he was afraid to engage in any business or take any measures for the support of himself & family. That by reason of the aforementioned abuses his character has been greatly injured, and his character greatly suffered — That your petitioner encouraged by the Right Hon. Mr Secretary Conway's letter to the several Governors on this continent,— And from the fourth resolve of the parliament of Great Britain in their present session, makes this application to your Excellency and Honors; and to pray that your Excellency and Honors would be pleased to take the premises under consideration and grant him a compensation from the government for the injuries he has suffered, as aforementioned, and your petitioner will ever pray, &c. GEORGE MESERVE.

Portsmouth New Hampshire June 22 1766.

[A committee of the Council and House of Representatives having been appointed to hear the petitioner and make strict enquiry into the matters alledged by him, made report as follows, viz.]

THE committee have heard what Mr. Meserve had to offer in support of his petition, which consisting only of general assertions without any proof of particulars: and it appearing by his own confession, that tho' often threatned as he said, he had not suffered any real damage from any open act of violence either in person or substance; and that when insurrections were suspected at different times, guards were appointed to protect him, and to prevent any injury to him — It is the opinion of the committee that Mr. Meserve's case does not come within the true intent and meaning of the recommendation of the hon. house of commons, and Mr. secretary Conway's letter, and not conceive the said recommendation has reference not to those who have been abused & threatned on account of their unpopular office, but to those only who have suffered considerable damage, either in person or substance, from some overt act of violence of the people which Mr. Meserve confesses was not his case; and it is our opinion, that considering the late danger in times of calamity and licence, the government did what was in their power to prevent any violence; and that the happy success of the measures for this end was very much owing to the general good disposition of his majesty's faithful subjects in this province.— And further we think that if Mr. Meserve had otherwise the clearest title to the reparation

* Author of the Farmers Letters. ✓ which was Mr Ogden. † Tom.o Ruggles. ‡ vide pa. 792 ¶ vide pa. 166-177. § vide the Speeches &c page 454 ‖ vide the Stamp Act page 53.

✓ vid Page 192 — 196 264 &c

vide page 427

vide page 390

ble recommendation he assumes, and to which we desire to pay the highest regard, yet he would have rendered himself unworthy that recommendation by the illiberal, uncivil and rude manner he has made return to the condescension of the general court. in appointing a special committee to hear him. Upon the whole, having carefully read and considered the resolves of the honorable house of commons and Mr. secretary Conway's letter, we are of opinion, that Mr. Meserve has not proved that he has suffered any thing within the purport and meaning of the said resolves; and from the tenor of his petition and his manner of supporting it, we beg leave to recommend the dismissing it.

[Which Report was accepted by Both Houses, and the Petition ordered to be dismissed]

Extract of a Letter from Captain Marshall, *of this Town, dated* London, *May* 10. 1766.

Yesterday came two of Capt. Lindsey's People here, the second Mate, and Thomas Batson; eight Days after they sailed from Piscataqua, in a gale of Wind they sprang a Leak, and foundered, the Chief Mate and 3 of the People froze to Death the first Day; Captain Lindsey and the other 2 having more Cloaths than the rest got in the Tops, which kept them from perishing; after that they found one of the people jamb'd up some where below, whom they made fast, and lived upon, until they were taken up by Captain Dean from South-Carolina, bound to Holland, and in getting Capt. Lindsey off the Wreck, he was Drowned; so there is but these two saved out of the Ship's Company, who are much froze, and gone to the Hospital.

BOSTON, JULY 21.

THE academic Exhibitions at the anniversary Commencement at Cambridge last Wednesday were truly classical and spirited; and tho' an ostentatious Parade is ever disgusting in Relations of this Kind, yet where so much can be said consistent with the severest Truth, it is presumed a bare Account of that scientific Festivity, will not be wholly unentertaining.

In the Morning, the Exercises of the Day were introduced by an elegant salutary Oration in Latin; after this followed the Latin Syllogistic Disputations, upon several curious and learned Questions, affording a pleasurable Repast, to those whom either Genius or Profession had conducted to the abstruser Parts of Philosophy and Science. When these Disquisitions were finished, the whole Audience were entertained with a most agreable English Dialogue between two of the commencing Bachellors, on the Pleasure of Scholastic Life, and the Advantages resulting from liberal Education. In this was beautifully interwove, a complimentary Episode in honor of those, who have so largely contributed towards repairing the late Loss by Fire, and enriched the new and elegantly constructed Edifice with a most magnificent Library, and a very curious and costly Philosophical Aparatus: The Exercises of the Morning were then closed with a lively and pathetic English Oration on the Subject of religious and civil LIBERTY.

In the Afternoon, the Master-Class began as usual, with exhibiting a Specimen of their Acquirements and Learning, in a judicious and well managed Latin Disputation, on several Points of Controversy in the Schools. To this succeeded, a truly animated English Oration on PATRIOTISM; *conceived in the noble Spirit of* LIBERTY, *and spoken with great Propriety of Voice and Action. The several Degrees being then conferred on the respective Candidates, the whole was concluded with a Latin Valedictory Oration, taking an affectionate Leave of their late Fellow Students and Labourers in the Field of Science, and pathetically expressive of Gratitude and Thanks to the Parent of their Literary Attainments.*

The young Gentlemen who were immediately concerned in the Duties of the Day, performed them with so much Propriety and Grace, and such apparent Ability, as to reflect Honor on themselves, the Society in which they were educated, and their Country in general.

The Number, Figure, and Brilliancy of the Attendants of both Sexes on this Occasion, the Splendor and Magnificence of the Entertainment, together with the Serenity and Moderateness of the Weather conspired to render the whole Scene universally joyous and satisfactory.

We hear that Orders have been received to ship Home the stamped Paper and Parchment which have been deposited in Castle William, and that Captain Bishop is to take them on board the Fortune Sloop of War, which sails the Beginning of this Week.

Wednesday Morning died Mr. *Thomas Lee*, in the 94th year of his Age, who in the early and active Part of Life carried on a considerable Trade in this Town, tho' he deserves to be recorded, rather for the unblemished Integrity of his Dealings, and the exact Punctuallity of his Payments, than for the Extent of his Trade, or the Length of his Life.

Sunday Morning died here, aged 62 Years, Capt. Nathaniel Howland, who has been noted in the West-India Trade for a long Time.

Saturday last arrived here Capt Bennet from Madeira.—And Yesterday Capt. Silas Atkins from Newfoundland.

Messieurs EDES & GILL,

The following may promote the Public Good---- Please to give it a Place in your next Paper.

WHatever enables this people to make remittances to England, or elsewhere, in return for such goods as necessity or luxury call for, must be worthy the attention of all who have the public good at heart. This puts me upon calling on all our country gentlemen to plant Mulberry-Trees on their farms, for the feeding of Silk-Worms, which this climate is extremely well calculated to breed, and carry on to perfection. A few years attending to sowing and raising Mulberry-Trees, would enable this province to produce such quantities of Raw Silk, as would more than pay for all the manufactured Silk used among us. This is the season (while Mulberries are ripe) for people to supply themselves with seed; and the method is this;---

Take full ripe Mulberries and let 'em lay in water till the berries are soft, and then with the hand seperate the pulf from the seeds, and by passing thro' several waters you will get pure seed, which may be sown immediately, or early next spring, in good ground that lays well to the sun, or to save trouble, the whole Mulberries may be sown about an inch under ground immediately after they are gather'd; care must be taken in every case that the ground be not exposed to any creatures, and that in the spring it be kept clean from weeds; and if dry weather must be water'd by a watering pot, or passing the water thro' a hurdle. MORUS.

P. S. How to manage the Trees after they are come up---The method of keeping Silk Worms--and the vast profit to the keepers, &c. may hereafter be handed to the public thro' this Paper.

WANTED,

A Person that can write a good Hand, and understands Accounts. Such a one, with a good Recommendation, may hear of a Place, by applying to *Zachariah Johonnot*

Imported and to be Sold by

Joshua Green,

At the Corner of Queen Street, near the Town House, BOSTON,

Best Hyson, Souchong & Bohea Tea, coffee raw and ground, cocoa and chocolate, raisins, currants, figs, prunes, citron, almonds, sago, barley, split peas, rice & flour of rice, nutmegs, cinnamon, cloves, mace, pepper, allspice, race and ground ginger, salt petre, annifeed, coriander carraway canary rape and hemp seed, loaf and brown sugar, Young's and Durham's flour of mustard, Aix and Florence oyl, anchovies, walnuts, capers, kyan, salvolatile, bungary, lavender, Turlington's and Stoughton's drops, isinglass, velvet corks, Kippen's Tobacco, rappee and scotch snuff by retail, castile soap, sulphur brimstone, alum, copperas, redwood, logwood, red sandoy, gro'd redwood, madder, gumaribic, argol, nutgalls, verdigris, white and red lead, Spanish brown and whiting, cotton wool, indigo, starch, pipes, sieve bottoms and sieves, ink powder, paper, pins, cards, womens shoes, japan'd tea kettles and waiters, money scales, looking glasses, and a large assortment of china and glass, &c.

TO BE SOLD,

By Benjamin Church,

At his usual Place of Sale on FRIDAY next,

A great Variety of valuable Articles, viz.

BRoad Cloths, Serges, Shalloons, Cambletts Fustians, Thicksets, Cotton Velvets, Callicos, Chinces, Irish Hollands, Lawns, Checks, Oznabrigs, Thread, Cotton and Worsted Hose, knit Patterns, Handkerchiefs, Caps, Hatts, &c. Mehogany Tables, Desks, and other Furniture, a beautiful 8 Day Clock, and Silver Watches, &c &c.

To be Sold at Public VENDUE,

By *Moses Deshon*,

At the newest Auction-Room, opposite the West End of *Faneuil*-Hall, Dock-Square; Next Tuesday, Wednesday and Friday Evenings; 3-4, 7-8 Checks, Irish Linnens, Bedtic, strip'd Hollands, check Handkerchiefs, Sheeting, Cotton, Thread and Worsted Hose, Silk Stay Laces, Breeches Patterns, Plushes, Thicksetts, Callamanco, Cotton Velvet, Mens, Womens, Maids and Childrens Shoes--An assortment of Cutlary Ware--Household Furniture, &c.

N B. The above Goods to be sold on Tuesday. The Sale to begin at 3 o'Clock.

Mezzotinto Prints of Lord Chief Justice PRATT, (now Lord CAMDEN) and Mr PITT; to be Sold at *Edes & Gill's* Printing Office.

To be Sold by public Vendue

By *John Gerrish*,

At his *Vendue Office*, (or New Auction Room) in Fore-Street, at the Head of Capt *Dobel's* Wharf

TO-MORROW Evening,

A Great Variety of Articles, both new and second Hand.

☞ Constant Attendance given at said Vendue Office *NORTH END.*

TO BE SOLD,

The Shop fronting Wing's-Lane, now in the Improvement of Messieurs *Scott & Co.* Enquire of *Oliver Wendell.*

A likely Negro Male Child to be given away: Inquire of Edes & Gill.

Whereas *John Kelley*, indented Servant to *John Geneste* Master of the Ship *Friendship*, now lying at the Long Wharf, did on Wednesday Evening last run away from his said Master——He is a heavy looking Lad, about 20 Years old, 5 Feet 5 Inches high, swarthy Complection, and much pitted with the Small Pox, wears his own Hair close cut before and short behind, of a dirty brown Colour, his Hands much dyed with Tar.—Had on when he ran away, a white Flannel Jacket, Oznabrigs Trowsers, and blue Yarn Stockings ribb'd: He also took with him a blue Jacket fac'd with white, and a white Flannel Jacket with blue Specks. He is a Alx Lad, and talks bad English. Whoever takes up said Runaway and brings him to his Master, shall have *Six Dollars* Reward, and all necessary Charges paid by

JOHN GENESTE.

This is also to caution all Masters of Vessels and others, against concealing, harbouring or taking off said Runaway, as they would avoid the Penalty of the Law in that Case provided. *July* 21, 1766.

NEW AUCTION ROOM,

In Royal-Exchange Lane,

To be Sold by PUBLIC VENDUE, by

ELIAS DUPEE,

This Day, To-morrow, and Friday.

To begin at 1H: Clock,

Broad Cloths, Half-Thicks, Ratteens, Lawn, Tammy, cut Velvet, Handkerchiefs, silk and worsted Patterns, black sewing Silk, writing Paper, Paper for Rooms, Gloves, Snuff Boxes, Buttons, Knives and Cuttoes, Necklaces, Ribbons, Silk Laces, Mens Shoes, a Shew Glass and Microscope, Silver Watches, China and Delph Plates, Looking Glasses, Pictures, a Case of Drawers, Tables and other Furniture.

CUSTOM-HOUSE, *BOSTON*,

ENTERED IN.

Lewis, Baldwin, Taylor, Butler & Higgins from Connecticut; Whitmarsh from Philadelphia; Sharrad and Colbcart from S. Carolina; Atwood from Halifax; Fuller from Martineco; Outerbridge from Turks Island; Bragdon and Shepherd from St. Croix; Dalton from Guadaloupe; Harrison from St. Ubes; Whitmarsh from Bay Hondoras; Andrews from North Carolina.

CLEARED OUT.

Goodrich Thorp and Odle for Connecticut; Whittaker for N Carolina; Howland and Perkins for Newfoundland; Torrey for Quebec; Whitmarsh and Jonathan Davis for Barbadoes; Amasa Davis and Doubleday for West Indies; Skimmer for Oporto; Calef for London; Gargelon for Gibraltar; Dobson for Whitby; Porter for Madeira.

OUTWARD BOUND.

Baldwin, Butler, Higgins & Goodsill for Connecticut; Tilghman for Maryland; Gorham for Newfoundland; Churchill for Nova Scotia; Atwood for Halifax; Whitmarsh for Philadelphia; Bartlet for Barbadoes; Andrews for West Indies; Chadwell for Falmouth; Willson for Jamaica; Child for London.

Buried in the Town of Boston, since our last, Eight Whites. No Black.

Baptiz'd in the several Churches, Ten.

High Water at Boston, for this present Week,

Monday, 58 m after 10		Friday, 24 m after	2
Tuesday, 50 m after 11		Saturday, 17 m after	3
Wednesday, 41 m after, 12		Lord's day, 12 m after	4
Thursday, 37 m after 1		D's last Q, 28 day 4 After.	

Boston, Printed by EDES & GILL, *in Queen-Street.* 1766.

// Vide Resolves page 390. // vide page 427. vv vide petition page 461